such compensation as seemed proper to be decided by arbitration and given to the shareholders of the Canadian Northern and the Grand Trunk.

The process of the acquisition of these railways and the financial results of their operation down to the end of 1926 are described in a special article, "The Origin and Growth of Government-owned railways in Canada", appearing on pages 660 to 667 of this volume, and illustrated by tables dealing with capital expenditure physical operations, earnings and expenses, and the growth of the railway debt to the public and to the Government.

2.—Statistics of Steam Railways.

The steam railways of the world may be said to have commenced their operations with the opening of the Stockton and Darlington railway in England on Sept. 26, 1825. In the intervening century, the mileage of the steam railways of the world had increased to an estimated total of 754,992 miles in 1925, of which figure 289,383 miles were state railways. Of the enormous total, nearly one-third, or 249,398 miles, was in the United States. Canada was second with 40,352 miles and British India third with 38,579 miles. Germany had 35,744 miles, France 34,361 miles, Russia in Europe, 35,528 miles, Australia 25,368 miles, Great Britain 24,342 miles, Argentina 23,429 miles, Brazil 18,703 miles, Mexico 16,443 miles. Of all the countries in the world Canada had the smallest population per mile of her railway lines, viz., 230.

The mileage of steam railways in operation in Canada is given by single years for each year from 1835 to 1926 in Table 1, showing the first great period of construction in the 1850's, when the mileage grew from 16 to 2,065, the lull in the 1860's, the second great period of construction in the 1870's and 1880's, the lull in the 1890's, the third great period of construction between 1900 and 1915 and the subsequent falling-off in the rate of increase. The mileage in the different provinces is given for recent years in Table 2.

t .- Becord of Steam Railway Mileage as at June 30, 1835-1919, and Dec. 31, 1915-1926.

Years.	Number of miles in operation	Years.	Number of miles in operation	Years,	Number of miles in operation	Years.	Number of miles in operation
835 836 837 838 838 838 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 846 847 848 849 850 850 851 851 852 853	16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 18 54 54 54 54 54 54 57 784 877 784	1858. 1859. 1860. 1861. 1862. 1863. 1864. 1865. 1866. 1866. 1870. 1870. 1871. 1872. 1873. 1874. 1875. 1875. 1877. 1878. 1877.	2, 189 2, 189 2, 240 2, 278 2, 278 2, 278 2, 524 2, 617 2, 695 3, 893 4, 331 4, 331 4, 804 5, 218	1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1990 1991 1902	7,331 8,697 9,577 10,273 11,793 12,184 12,163 13,151 13,838 14,564 15,005 16,520 16,520 17,250 17,250 17,250 17,250 17,250 18,140 18,140 18,714 18,988	1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1919 1920 1921 1922 1922 1923	19, 431 20, 482 21, 422 32, 444 22, 966 24, 733 25, 404 26, 844 29, 30- 30, 734 86, 933 86, 933 88, 933 38, 255 38, 393 39, 192 39, 364 40, 355 40, 355 40, 355

From Slason Thompson's Railway Statistics of the United States of America, 1926, pp. 41-43.